

3. G_3 -ESTIMATOR OF INVERSE COVARIANCE MATRIX

The G_3 -estimator of a matrix $R_{m_n}^{-1}$ is equal to

$$G_3 = \hat{R}_{m_n}^{-1} [1 - m_n n^{-1}].$$

THEOREM 3.1. ([Gir44], [Gir54]) *If G -condition $\limsup_{n \rightarrow \infty} m_n n^{-1} < 1$ is fulfilled, components ξ_{ik} , $i = 1, \dots, m_n$ of the vectors*

$$\vec{\xi}_k = \{\xi_{ik}, i = 1, \dots, m_n\}^T = R_{m_n}^{-1/2} [\vec{x}_k - \vec{a}_k], k = 1, \dots, n$$

are independent and for some $\delta > 0$

$$\sup_n \max_{\substack{i=1, \dots, m_n; \\ k=1, \dots, n}} \mathbf{E} |\xi_{ik}|^{4+\delta} < \infty,$$

$$\vec{b}^T \vec{b} < c_1, \quad \vec{a}^T \vec{a} < c_2, \quad 0 < c_3 < \lambda_{\min}(R_{m_n}) \leq \dots \leq \lambda_{\max}(R_{m_n}) \leq c_4,$$

then

$$p \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} [\vec{a}^T G_3 \vec{b} - \vec{a}^T R_{m_n}^{-1} \vec{b}] = 0.$$

THEOREM 3.2. ([Gir44], [Gir54]) *If G -condition $\limsup_{n \rightarrow \infty} m_n n^{-1} < 1$ holds, components ξ_{ik} , $i = 1, \dots, m_n$ of the vectors*

$$\vec{\xi}_k = \{\xi_{ik}, i = 1, \dots, m_n\}^T = R_{m_n}^{-1/2} [\vec{x}_k - \vec{a}_k], k = 1, \dots, n$$

are independent, have the standard Normal distribution and

$$\vec{b}^T \vec{b} < c_1, \quad \vec{a}^T \vec{a} < c_2, \quad \lambda_{\min}[R_{m_n}] > c_3 > 0,$$

then

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \mathbf{P} \left\{ [\vec{a}^T G_3 \vec{b} - \vec{a}^T R_{m_n}^{-1} \vec{b}] c_n < x \right\} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^x \exp\{-y^2/2\} dy,$$

where c_n is a certain sequence of constant.

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